

**Institutional Effectiveness**  
**2023-2024**

**Program:** Wildlife and Fisheries Science BS

**College and Department:** Department of Biology

**Contact:** Steve Hayslette

**Mission:**

The primary mission of the Department of Biology at Tennessee Tech is to promote biological education in, and advance biological knowledge for, the region, state, and nation, through teaching, research, and public service.

**Attach Curriculum Map (Educational Programs Only):**

See attached file.

Attached Files: See Appendix 1

**Outcome 1: Improved Critical Thinking**

**Define Outcome:**

Graduating seniors in the WFS Program within the Department of Biology will demonstrate critical thinking skills by meeting or exceeding the national average score on the California Critical Thinking Skills Test.

**Assessment Methods:**

The California Critical Thinking Skills Test (CCTST) will be used. This test is administered as a senior exit exam for all graduating TTU seniors, and the results reported to the Department of Biology.

**Criteria for Success (Thresholds for Assessment Methods):**

Average score for all graduating WFS seniors will meet or exceed the national average on the CCTST.

**Link to 'Tech Tomorrow' Strategic Plan:**

2.B Research, Scholar, Intellect, and Creativity

**Results and Analysis:**

Graduating seniors in the Wildlife and Fisheries Science major exceeded the national average in the California Critical Thinking Skills Test (CCTST; Table 1) in four of the last five years, meeting our criterion for success for this learning outcome. CCTST scores for WFS majors were below the national average during the first year of the COVID pandemic (2020-21) but have rebounded since, returning to the pre-pandemic level this past year.

Table 1. Average score for Wildlife and Fisheries Science (WFS) majors, along with sample size (n), on the California Critical Thinking Skills Test during the past 5 academic years.

| Academic Year | Tennessee Tech<br>WFS | <i>n</i> | National<br>Average |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------|---------------------|
| 2019-2020     | 75.0                  | 10       | 74.0                |
| 2020-2021     | 73.2                  | 15       | 74.0                |
| 2021-2022     | 74.1                  | 39       | 73.3                |
| 2022-2023     | 73.8                  | 34       | 73.3                |
| 2023-2024     | 75.0                  | 38       | 72.8                |

**Use of Results to Improve Outcomes:**

We are pleased that our Wildlife and Fisheries Science students generally have scored above the national average with respect to critical thinking, but clearly there is room for improvement. The Department of Biology has a committee in place to evaluate our introductory (General Biology) courses, with an eye toward improving the skill sets of our students, including critical thinking/active learning.

**Outcome 2: Experiential Learning**

**Define Outcome:**

Students majoring in WFS will gain real-world experience in their chosen fields by participating in some type of experiential learning (coops, internships, research), with 10% of our students involved in some type of experiential learning during their time at TTU.

**Assessment Methods:**

On the department senior questionnaire, students are asked to indicate whether they have had any type of experiential learning: coops, internships, undergraduate research, job shadowing, or other related activities.

Student involvement in internships is traced via enrollment in WFS 4900, Internship in Biology.

Undergraduate research activity is tracked via Faculty annual reports, where faculty are asked to include a list of undergraduates who have worked in their research lab over the preceding year.

**Criteria for Success (Thresholds for Assessment Methods):**

Combining data from all three assessment methods, a minimum of 10% of graduating seniors will show evidence of some type of experiential learning during their time at Tennessee Tech.

**Link to 'Tech Tomorrow' Strategic Plan:**

1.A Experiential Learning, 2.B Research, Scholar, Intellect, and Creativity

### Results and Analysis:

Participation in internships and co-op assignments has traditionally been examined using our departmental senior questionnaire, given at the time of the major field exam. In 2020-2021, due to the COVID pandemic, this test was moved online, and no questionnaires were given. In 2021-2022, few seniors returned their questionnaire, so we used information from enrollment in our Internship in Wildlife and Fisheries Science course (WFS 4900). Although participation in experiential learning could not be estimated in 2020-2021, such participation exceeded our goal in all other reported years, including dramatic increases in the last two years.

Beginning in 2022-2023, we were once again able to get good response rates using our senior questionnaires, and we expanded our definition of experiential learning to include students engaged in undergraduate research. This information was obtained from faculty annual reports in 2022-23 and from senior questionnaires in 2023-24. This was done following discussion that indicated that many faculty consider research as another type of experiential learning, and an important one at that. Using this updated measure, we found that as many as one third of graduating WFS seniors engaged in one of the three types of experiential learning (Table 2).

Table 2. Percent of graduating seniors in Wildlife and Fisheries Science indicating participation in an experiential learning opportunity. From 2019-20 through 2021-22, an experiential learning opportunity was defined as an internship or a coop assignment; starting in 2022-23, this was expanded to include undergraduate research participation.

| Academic Year | Sample Size ( <i>n</i> ) | Percent |
|---------------|--------------------------|---------|
| 2019-2020     | 16                       | 18.8    |
| 2020-2021     | N/A                      | N/A     |
| 2021-2022     | 43                       | 20.9    |
| 2022-2023     | 32                       | 37.5    |
| 2023-2024     | 37                       | 29.7    |

### Use of Results to Improve Outcomes:

Increases in the percentage of Wildlife and Fisheries students participating in experiential learning since the pandemic may have been related to concerted efforts to make students aware of such opportunities via our program email lists and other outlets. Inclusion of research experience as experiential learning also likely contributed to the increases we documented in the last two years, and increased response rates for our senior questionnaire may have been involved, as well. In 2024-25, we will continue to promote internship involvement by disseminating information about these opportunities via email to advisors and students. We will also promote these opportunities on our recently-established social media accounts.

### Outcome 3: Understanding Scientific Reasoning

#### Define Outcome:

Students majoring in WFS will demonstrate an understanding of scientific reasoning by having 80% (or more) of students obtaining a perfect score on the departmental Scientific Method Questionnaire.

#### Assessment Methods:

Scientific Method Questionnaire, developed internally by the Department of Biology. This is administered to graduating seniors either during BIOL 3920 (Biological Communication Skills) or at the time they take the ACAT major field exam.

#### Criteria for Success (Thresholds for Assessment Methods):

A minimum of 80% of students will achieve a perfect score on the Scientific Method Questionnaire.

#### Link to 'Tech Tomorrow' Strategic Plan:

2.B Research, Scholar, Intellect, and Creativity

#### Results and Analysis:

Biological Communication Skills (BIOL 3920) is a course taken by all Biology and Wildlife and Fisheries Science majors, typically during their junior or senior year. Average scores on the departmental scientific method quiz have been in the high 80s - low 90s over the past five years (Table 3). The percentage of students who score a perfect 100% has continually been below the department's goal of 80%, but has shown some improvement over the past five years (Table 3).

Table 3. Student performance on the scientific method quiz administered to Biology department students (including Wildlife and Fisheries Science students) in BIOL 3920 (Biological Communication Skills). All data are given as percentages.

| Academic Year | Average Score (%) | 100% Correct (%) |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2019-2020     | 88.5              | 46.2             |
| 2020-2021     | 91.4              | 52.9             |
| 2021-2022     | 90.7              | 56.0             |
| 2022-2023     | 92.4              | 64.3             |
| 2023-2024     | 90.1              | 54.3             |

#### Use of Results to Improve Outcomes:

With the demise of our BIOL 1000 course, we've adjusted this outcome to reflect only performance by our upper-level students.

We are in the process of looking at our freshmen Biology sequence, and part of that process will likely include discussions of how to better include ideas related to the scientific method in these courses (as well as carry that through to our upper-level classes).

Also, as a department, we decided this year to adjust our criteria for success in this outcome. Rather than use the percentage of students achieving a perfect score on our scientific method questionnaire alone, we added an overall performance criterion of 90% on the Questionnaire. We also lowered our perfect-score criterion to 50%, which we feel is more realistic. In recent years, even students who achieved overall high (90%+) scores on the Questionnaire rarely scored perfectly. We will assess our progress with this outcome using these new criteria in future years.

#### **Outcome 4: Command of General WFS Concepts**

##### **Define Outcome:**

Students majoring in WFS will demonstrate a command of general biological information in selected fundamental areas of study by having all graduating seniors score at or above the national average in a minimum of 3 of the 5 tested categories.

##### **Assessment Methods:**

The ACAT exam is given as the department major field exam to all graduating seniors each Fall and Spring semester. We test our students in 5 categories: ecology; invertebrate zoology; vascular botany; vertebrate zoology; and forestry & wildlife. Exams are taken online, and scores are reported back to the department by the test providers. Each student has an aggregate score, as well as a score for each of the 5 subject areas.

##### **Criteria for Success (Thresholds for Assessment Methods):**

Students will meet or exceed the national average in at least 3 of the 5 subject areas on the ACAT exam.

##### **Link to 'Tech Tomorrow' Strategic Plan:**

2.B Research, Scholar, Intellect, and Creativity

##### **Results and Analysis:**

The ACAT exam is our departmental major field exam, given to students during their final semester before graduation. For students majoring in Wildlife and Fisheries Science, students are scored on each of five content areas, as shown in Table 4. Scores are scaled so that the national average is 500, and this score marks the 50th percentile. Our department goal is to have students score at or above the national average in at least 3 of the 5 content areas each year.

Graduating seniors in Wildlife and Fisheries Science have met our goal in each of the last five years. Students met or exceeded the national average in all five content areas during 2019-20 and 2021-22, although the 2019-20 data only reflect the fall semester that year. Students met or exceeded the national average in four of the five content areas during 2020-21 and in three of the five content areas during the last two years (2022-23 and 2023-24). Wildlife and Fisheries students generally have scored highest in Ecology, Vascular Botany, and Forestry and Wildlife, meeting or exceeding the national average in all or most of the five reported years. Results seem to indicate declines in the fields of Invertebrate and Vertebrate Zoology in the last two years, however.

Table 4. Average scores and average percentiles from the past five academic years for each of the five content categories from the ACAT Wildlife and Fisheries Science exam taken by graduating students majoring in Wildlife and Fisheries Science. Sample size (*n*) is given after the academic year, and includes both Fall and Spring semester data. Percentiles meeting or exceeding our goal of 50% are shown in bold. NOTE: Data from the Spring 2020 semester is not included; due to the COVID pandemic, very few students were able to take the exam that semester.

| Year<br>( <i>n</i> ) | Ecology |           | Invertebrate<br>Zoology |           | Vascular<br>Botany |           | Vertebrate<br>Zoology |           | Forestry and<br>Wildlife |           |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
|                      | Score   | %ile      | Score                   | %ile      | Score              | %ile      | Score                 | %ile      | Score                    | %ile      |
| 2019-<br>20<br>(19)  | 516     | <b>56</b> | 525                     | <b>60</b> | 528                | <b>61</b> | 507                   | <b>53</b> | 533                      | <b>63</b> |
| 2020-<br>21<br>(17)  | 506     | <b>52</b> | 555                     | <b>71</b> | 513                | <b>55</b> | 527                   | <b>61</b> | 487                      | 45        |
| 2021-<br>22<br>(19)  | 537     | <b>64</b> | 571                     | <b>76</b> | 553                | <b>70</b> | 542                   | <b>66</b> | 526                      | <b>60</b> |
| 2022-<br>23<br>(33)  | 523     | <b>59</b> | 473                     | 39        | 515                | <b>56</b> | 481                   | 42        | 511                      | <b>54</b> |
| 2023-<br>24<br>(35)  | 526     | <b>60</b> | 476                     | 41        | 522                | <b>59</b> | 484                   | 44        | 542                      | <b>66</b> |

**Use of Results to Improve Outcomes:**

Our Wildlife and Fisheries students have consistently met our desired outcome with respect to ACAT Exam results and associated subject matter knowledge, but performance in some subject areas, notably the Zoology areas, seems to have declined over the past two years. The Department of Biology has created a committee this academic year to examine our introductory (General Biology) courses. Improvements in the content and/or delivery of these courses could better prepare students for learning more complicated material in upper-division courses, which may be reflected in future improvements in ACAT exam performance. Specific efforts to target improvements in Zoology instruction (e.g., our General Zoology - BIOL 1113 and Invertebrate Zoology - BIOL 4610 courses) are also planned for 2024-25.

Additionally, we decided this year as a department to fine-tune our ACAT assessment tool by varying the subject areas tested by concentration, rather than by major alone. This will allow us to better test students in the subject areas covered by coursework in their concentrations, as course content varies somewhat among the concentrations in our Wildlife and Fisheries Science degree. This ACAT adjustment will be implemented in the coming year.

**List of Appendices:**

Appendix 1: Wildlife and Fisheries Science Curriculum Map

## Appendix 1: Wildlife and Fisheries Science Curriculum Map

Curriculum support for learning outcomes of the undergraduate programs in the Department of Biology.

| Course No.      | Title                     | Learning Outcomes |                       |                   |                        |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
|                 |                           | Critical Thinking | Experiential Learning | Scientific Method | Demonstrated Knowledge |
| BIOL 1010       | Introduction to Biology   | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 1020       | Diversity of Life         | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 1080       | Concepts of Biology       | X                 | X                     | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 1113       | General Biology I         | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 1123       | General Biology II        | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 2000       | Biological Terminology    |                   |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 2010       | Human Anat. & Phys. I     | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 2020       | Human Anat. & Phys. II    | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 2310       | General Botany            | X                 | X                     |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 2350       | Intro. Anat. & Phys.      | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL/WFS 2991-4 | Topics                    |                   |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 3040       | Comparative Vert. Anat.   | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 3120       | General Ecology (no lab)  | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL/WFS 3130   | General Ecology           | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3140       | Cellular Biology          | X                 | X                     | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3200       | General Microbiology      | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3230       | Health Science Microbiol. | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3240       | Field Botany              | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3330       | Entomology                |                   |                       |                   | X                      |
| WFS/CJ 3500     | Wildlife Law Enforcement  |                   | X                     |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 3530       | Animal Physiology         | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| WFS 3550        | Wildlife Damage Manage.   | X                 | X                     |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 3700       | Humanism in Medicine      | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 3810       | General Genetics          | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 3920       | Biol. Comm. Skills        | X                 | X                     | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 4000       | General Parasitology      | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4040       | Immunology                | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4060       | Hormones/Chem. Comm.      | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4070       | Vertebrate Development    | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4100       | Evolutionary Biology      | X                 | X                     | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 4110       | Microbial Evolution       | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4130       | Enviro. Microbiology      | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL 4140       | Pathogenic Bacteriology   | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4150       | Molecular Genetics        | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4160       | Genetic Engineering Lab   |                   |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL/WFS 4220   | Biostatistics             | X                 |                       | X                 | X                      |
| BIOL/WFS 4230   | Animal Behavior           | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4240       | Systematic Botany         | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |
| BIOL 4250       | Economic Botany           | X                 |                       |                   | X                      |



|                 |                            |   |   |   |   |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| BIOL 4300       | Plant Speciation and Evol. | X |   |   | X |
| BIOL 4310       | Plant Anatomy              | X |   |   | X |
| BIOL 4320       | Plant Physiology           | X | X | X | X |
| BIOL 4330       | Plant Ecology              | X |   | X | X |
| BIOL 4340       | Plant-Animal Interactions  | X |   |   | X |
| WFS 4500        | National Wildlife Policy   | X | X |   | X |
| BIOL 4610       | Invertebrate Zoology       | X |   | X | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4630   | Ornithology                | X |   |   | X |
| WFS 4640        | Waterfowl Ecology & Mgt.   | X |   |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4650   | Marine Biology             | X |   | X | X |
| WFS 4660        | Wild Bird Ecology          |   |   |   | X |
| WFS 4670        | Wild Mammal Ecology        |   |   |   | X |
| WFS 4700        | Habitat Management         | X |   | X | X |
| WFS 4710        | Fisheries Management       | X |   | X | X |
| WFS 4711        | Fisheries Mgmt. (no lab)   | X |   |   | X |
| WFS 4730        | Conservation Biology       | X | X | X | X |
| WFS 4740        | Wildlife Principles        | X |   | X | X |
| BIOL 4750       | Medical Microbiology       | X |   |   | X |
| WFS 4760        | Fish Culture               | X | X |   | X |
| WFS 4770        | Nongame Species Mgmt.      | X | X |   | X |
| BIOL 4780       | Phycology                  | X |   | X | X |
| WFS 4790        | Wildlife Techniques        | X | X | X | X |
| WFS 4800        | Conservation Techniques    | X | X | X | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4810   | Ichthyology                | X | X |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4820   | Mammalogy                  | X | X |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4830   | Herpetology                | X | X |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4840   | Limnology                  | X |   | X | X |
| BIOL 4850       | Applied Microbiology       | X |   | X | X |
| BIOL 4860       | Disease Prevention         | X |   |   |   |
| BIOL 4870       | Microbiomes                | X |   |   |   |
| WFS 4870        | GIS For Wildlife & Fish.   |   |   |   | X |
| BIOL 4880       | Bioethics                  | X |   |   | X |
| BIOL 4890       | Histology                  |   |   |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4900   | Internship                 |   | X |   | X |
| BIOL/WFS 4991-4 | Advanced Topics            | X | X |   | X |